

**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR**  
(AUTONOMOUS)  
**B.Tech II Year I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations December-2023**  
**THERMAL ENGINEERING**  
(Mechanical Engineering)

**Time: 3 Hours****Max. Marks: 60**

(Answer all Five Units 5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

**UNIT-I**

- |   |   |     |    |    |
|---|---|-----|----|----|
| 1 | a What are the various classifications of air compressors?            | CO1 | L2 | 6M |
|   | b Explain the working of any two Rotary compressors with neat sketch. | CO1 | L2 | 6M |

**OR**

- |   |   |     |    |     |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| 2 | A single –stage double –acting air compressor is required to deliver 14 m <sup>3</sup> of air per Minute measured at 1.013 bar and 1500C. The delivery pressure is 7 bar and the speed 300 r.p.m. Take the clearance volume as 5% of the swept volume with the compression and expansion index of 1.3 Calculate:<br>(i) Swept volume of the cylinder; The delivery temperature; (iii). Indicated power. | CO1 | L4 | 12M |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|

**UNIT-II**

- |   |   |     |    |     |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| 3 | Explain the working of Open Cycle Brayton cycle with neat sketch. | CO2 | L2 | 12M |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|

**OR**

- |   |  |     |    |     |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| 4 | Air enters the compressor of a gas turbine plant operating on Brayton cycle at 1 bar, 27°C. The pressure ratio in the cycle is 6. Calculate the maximum temperature in the cycle and the cycle efficiency. Assume the turbine work as 2.5 times the compressor work. Take $\gamma=1.4$ | CO2 | L4 | 12M |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|

**UNIT-III**

- |   |   |     |    |    |
|---|---|-----|----|----|
| 5 | a Define Steam nozzle and also explain about expansion of steam in nozzle with neat sketch. | CO3 | L2 | 6M |
|---|---|-----|----|----|

- |  |  |     |    |    |
|--|--|-----|----|----|
|  | b Explain various types of nozzles with neat sketches. | CO3 | L2 | 6M |
|--|--|-----|----|----|

**OR**

- |   |   |     |    |     |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|
| 6 | Determine the throat area, exit area and exit velocity for a steam nozzle to pass 0.2kg/s when the inlet conditions are 12 bar and 2500C and final pressure is 2bar. Assume that the expansion is isentropic and inlet velocity is negligible. Take $n=1.3$ for superheated steam | CO3 | L3 | 12M |
|---|---|-----|----|-----|

**UNIT-IV**

- |   |  |     |    |     |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| 7 | Draw the combined velocity triangle of Impulse turbine and explain the salient features. | CO4 | L1 | 12M |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|

**OR**

- |   |  |     |    |     |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| 8 | Distinguish between impulse and reaction turbines. | CO4 | L4 | 12M |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|

**UNIT-V**

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|---|--|-----|----|-----|
| 9 | The following readings were taken during the test of a single cylinder four stroke oil engine: Cylinder diameter=250mm, Stroke Length=400mm, M.E.P=7bar, Engine Speed=250rpm, Net Load on the brake=1080N, Effective diameter of the brake=1.5 metres, Fuel used per hour=10Kg, calorific value fo fuel=44300Kj/Kg. Calculate (i) Indicated Power (ii) Brake Power (iii) Mechanical Efficiency (iv) Indicated thermal efficiency | CO5 | L3 | 12M |
|---|--|-----|----|-----|

**OR**

- |    |   |     |    |     |
|----|---|-----|----|-----|
| 10 | Compare 2-stroke engine with 4-stroke engine. | CO5 | L2 | 12M |
|----|---|-----|----|-----|

\*\*\* END \*\*\*

